The internal audit of Cockshutt Cum Petton Parish Council was carried out by undertaking the following tests as specified in the AGAR Annual Return for Local Councils in England:

- Checking that books of account have been properly kept throughout the year
- Checking a sample of payments to ensure that the Council's financial regulations have been met, payments are supported by invoices, expenditure is approved, and VAT is correctly accounted for
- Reviewing the Council's risk assessment and ensuring that adequate arrangements are in place to manage all identified risks
- Verifying that the annual precept request is the result of a proper budgetary process; that budget progress has been regularly monitored and that the council's reserves are appropriate
- Checking income records to ensure that the correct price has been charged, income has been received, recorded and promptly banked and VAT is correctly accounted for
- Reviewing petty cash records to ensure payments are supported by receipts, expenditure is approved and VAT is correctly accounted for
- Checking that salaries to employees have been paid in accordance with Council approvals and that PAYE and NI requirements have been properly applied
- Checking the accuracy of the asset and investments registers
- Testing the accuracy and timeliness of periodic and year-end bank account reconciliation(s)
- Review of year-end financial statements
- The authority has complied with the publication requirements for the prior year AGAR.
- The authority correctly provided for a period for the exercise of public rights for the prior year AGAR
- The authority published required information on a website up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with relevant legislation.

Conclusion

On the basis of the internal audit work carried out, which was limited to the tests indicated above, in our view the council's system of internal controls is in place, adequate for the purpose intended and effective, subject to the recommendations reported in the action plan overleaf. As part of the internal audit work for the next financial year we will follow up all recommendations included in the action plan.

JDH Business Services Limited

ACTION PLAN

	ISSUE	RECOMMENDATION	FOLLOW UP			
2023/24 internal audit						
1	General reserves at the year-end were in excess of 100% of the precept level. Sector guidance is that councils should aim for a general reserve level of between 25% and 100% of the precept or net operating expenditure. The Practitioners Guide also notes this recommended level of reserves.	The council should review the level of general reserves during the budget setting process with reference to sector guidance.				
2022/23 internal audit						
1	The fixed asset register contains no total figure which can easily be agreed to the AGAR accounts disclosure for fixed assets. In addition, for some assets only a valuation range is provided (eg value is less than £50,000) so it is not possible to determine from the register how the fixed asset total disclosed in the AGAR accounts has been calculated.	The fixed asset register format needs to be revisited by Council and populated into a spreadsheet with clear values attributed to all assets with a total included that can be agreed to the fixed asset disclosure in the AGAR accounts.	Implemented			
2	The risk assessment does not address the risks of supplier fraud. Most standard local council policies do not cover supplier fraud. The supplier fraud risks can be	The risk assessment should be updated to include supplier fraud including the adequacy of supplier onboarding controls.	Implemented			

managed via appropriately robust policies
and procedures. Examples of prevention
actions include:
actions include.
- training for staff to alert them to the
potential risks of providing sensitive
company information, by phone or other
means, especially contract and account
information.
information.
- establish a rigorous change of supplier
details procedure - where a supplier has
purported to have changed their bank
details always call the supplier to check
the veracity of a request, using details in
your system, rather than those on any
associated letter or email. A person should
be authorised to approve a supplier bank
account change after having reviewed the
process undertaken to verify the supplier
details change
- periodic review of supplier accounts
should also be undertaken to remove any
dormant accounts. This reduces the
likelihood of any old supplier information
being used to secure fraudulent payments.
- checking address and financial health
details with Companies House
details with Companies House
- checking samples of online payments to
supplier invoices to ensure the payment
has been made to the supplier bank

account	